

## Cucurbit Cross-Pollination Risks

Cucumbers, Squashes, Pumpkins, Gourds, Melons

Cucurbit Species	Common Varieties <i>(Varieties in the same species will cross with each other.)</i>
<i>Cucurbita pepo</i>	Many Summer and Winter Squashes such as Acorn, Spaghetti, Crookneck, Delicata, Zucchini, Patty Pan, and Scallop; Ornamental Gourds; Field Pumpkins
<i>Cucurbita moschata</i>	Butternut, Tromboncino, and Golden, Orange and Orange-Striped Cushaw Squashes; Fairytale, Dickinson, Seminole, Sao Paulo, and Cheese Pumpkins
<i>Cucurbita maxima</i>	Hubbard, Banana, Buttercup, Boston Marrow, French Turban, and Kabocha Squashes; Cinderella and Atlantic Giant Pumpkins
<i>Cucurbita mixta</i>	Cushaw Squashes (Except Golden, Orange, and Orange-Striped)
<i>Cucumis sativus</i>	Slicing Cucumbers
<i>Cucumis melo</i>	Cantaloupe, Charentais, Honeydew, Casaba, and Musk Melons; Armenian Cucumber (Snake Melon)
<i>Citrullus lanatus</i>	Watermelon

## Biennial Cross-Pollination Risks

Crops requiring 2 years to produce seed

Species	Common Biennial Varieties <i>(Varieties in the same species will cross with each other.)</i>
<i>Brassica oleracea</i>	Broccoli, Cauliflower, Kale, Collards, Cabbage, Kohlrabi, Brussels Sprouts, Radishes
<i>Beta vulgaris</i>	Beets, Chard
<i>Daucus carota</i>	Carrot, Queen Anne's Lace (wild carrot)
<i>Apium graveolens</i>	Celery, Celery Root