## Clematis virginiana vírgín's-bower

In eastern North American\* lowlands, this vigorous native vine guickly climbs by twining or trails along the ground in twisted fashion. A prolific bloomer, its white flowers attract pollinators late summer into fall followed by showy seed

heads reminiscent of an "old man's beard," another of its common names.

Tried and True Native Plant Selections for the Mid-Atlantic

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Vine Flowers en Masse, Leaves, Pollinators\*\* Height: 6-20 feet Spread: 3-12 feet Bloom Color: White Characteristics Climbing, woody, deciduous to semi-evergreen vine Sometimes dioecious: each plant with either staminate (male) or pistillate (female) flowers Opposite, mostly trifoliate, toothed, bright green leaves; climbs by twining leaf petioles Axillary panicles of fragrant, ~1-inch white flowers with four petaloid sepals from July to September Achenes (not on male vines) w/ persistent, plumose, green styles that become brownish; winter interest Unremarkable yellow-green to purplish fall foliage Spreads rapidly by self-seeding and root suckers Attributes Tolerates full sun, shade, black walnut; no serious pests or diseases; deer seldom severely damage Plant parts are poisonous; leaves may irritate skin Attracts bees, wasps, *Lepidoptera*, and birds Growing and Maintenance Tips **Excellent Replacement for** Akebia quinata - Chocolate Vine Soil Requirements: Average, well-drained Light Requirements: Partial Shade Celastrus orbiculatus - Oriental Bittersweet Water Requirements: Dry, Moist, Wet Clematis terniflora - Sweet Autumn Clematis\*\*\* Prune after flowering late fall to early spring; Lonicera japonica - Japanese Honeysuckle leave lowest 2-3 buds; may prune down to 1 foot \*It is native to DC and to areas in Maryland. In DE, it is common in the Piedmont and Coastal Plain. It is native to all but one county in PA. In VA, it is common in the mountains, frequent in Use as a climber on arbors, walls, and fences, in the Piedmont, and infrequent in the Coastal Plain. woodland gardens, or as a tangled ground cover \*Pollinators on male flowers include four-toothed mason wasp, ailanthus webworm moth, European honey bee, and eastern tiger Hardiness: USDA Zones 3-8 swallowtail butterfly (dark form female). \*\*\*Unlike *C. virginiana*, this invasive has smooth leaf margins.

developed by Master Gardeners of Northern Virginia, serving Arlington and Alexandria

Images by Mary Free and Elaine Mills (leaves), private garden, Arlington, Virginia



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